

2022 Construction Seminar

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THE BRAVE NEW WORLD OF PREVENTION THROUGH DESIGN

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Sometimes the Third Time's a Charm Using Hindsight and Perseverance to Build Into the Future ALFA INTERNATIONAL 2022 CONSTRUCTION LAW SEMINAR



Prevention through Design – It's the Future

Mission Statement



- The mission of the Prevention through Design National initiative is to prevent occupational injuries, illnesses, and fatalities through the inclusion of prevention considerations in all designs that impact workers. The mission can be achieved by:
- Eliminating hazards and controlling risks to workers to an acceptable level "at the source" or as early as possible in the life cycle of equipment, products, or workplaces.
- Including worker safety and health in design, redesign and retrofit of new and existing work premises, structures, tools, facilities, equipment, machinery, products, substances, work processes and the organization of work.
- Enhancing the work environment through the inclusion of prevention methods in all designs that impact workers and others on the premises.



Prevention through Design Initiative

May 2016

What are our priorities?

The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) Prevention through Design (PtD) Initiative works with partners in industry, labor, trade associations, professional organizations, and academia. The program focuses on preventing illness, injury, and fatality by "designing out" occupational hazards and risks.

What do we do?

- · Research the effectiveness of current PtD in-terventions, investigate additional solutions for existing design-related challenges, and identify future research needs.
- . Educate and motivate others to use PtD prior-ities and processes in collaborative design and redesign of facilities, work processes, equip-ment and tools by:
- Helping universities integrate PtD princi-ples into engineering curricula.
- Encouraging professional accreditation bodies to include PtD in their assessments.

· The U.S. Green Building Council published a Leadership in Energy & Environmental Design

(LEED) PtD pilot credit for building certifications

after four years of policy work with the NIOSH PtD and Construction programs. The pilot

credit, developed by NIOSH, prompts the use of

PtD methods to design out worker hazards for

both the construction phase and operations &

· Completed research and development of a

Business Case Developer software tool that helps business managers and safety and

health professionals develop proposals on the

busi-ness advantages of transitioning to a

PtD de-sign process.

maintenance phase of a building's life cycle.

- Making business leaders aware of potential cost savings from PtD.
- · Increase practice of PtD by sharing casestudies of real-life PtD solutions, and encouraging stakeholders to apply them and share further.
- · Encourage business, labor, government, aca-demic, and consensus standards organizations to integrate PtD into policy
- · Produce concise, practical PtD guides and checklists for small businesses, their insurers,

What have we accomplished?

- Provided education in PtD methods at 17 events to over 1,000 influencers in business, safety, health, government, academia, and
- · Published safe practice outcomes of the 2012 "Safe Nano Design" workshop organized by the NIOSH PtD program, the NIOSH Nanotechnol-ogy Research Center, and the State University of New York at Albany. The focus is on safer de-sign of both molecules and manufacturing pro-cesses.
- Published two Workplace Design Solution doc-uments on PtD business value and noise reduc-tion. These brief documents are especially helpful to small businesses.

What's next?

- · Publish Capital Projects Processes web site with checklists and case studies showing how to in-corporate PtD methods in large building pro-jects, including Green Building.
- · Publish a Business Case journal article that shows how to use the free Business Case Developer software. It can be used to make financial and non-financial proposals for adoption of PtD processes in a business.
- Develop 8 or more case studies that provide more examples of how to use the Business Case Developer software.
- Publish 3 educational slide decks with speaker notes and instructor guides on PtD for Engi-neering undergrad programs in:
- Agricultural Engineering

- Capital Projects Process

- Manufacturing and Industrial Engineering
- Develop model language for incorporating
- PtD into liability insurance policies for designers and constructors.
- · Develop model contract language that incorpo-rates PtD roles and responsibilities into design and construction contracts.
- · Serve on the American Society of Safety Engi-neers' workgroup to revise the ANSI/ASSE z590.3 Prevention through Design standard. Revisions will provide guidance to better enable businesses to use PtD design methods.
- · Publish two Workplace Design Solutions for nanotechnology manufacturing with the NIOSH Nanotechnology Research Center.

At-A-Glance

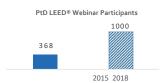
The Prevention through Design (PtD) Initiative's mission is to prevent or re-duce occupational injuries, illnesses, and fatalities through the inclusion of prevention considerations in all de-signs that impact workers. This snap-shot shows recent



Source: NIOSH program records



Source: NIOSH program records



Source: NIOSH program records

Publication Spotlight: Workplace Design Solutions









Construction Hazards

- Cuts
- Electrocution
- Falls
- Falling objects
- Heat/cold stress
- Musculoskeletal disease
- Tripping

[BLS 2006; Lipscomb et al. 2006]



Graphic courtesy of OSHA







Hierarchy of Controls per ANSI/AIHA Z10-2005



ELIMINATION

Design it out

SUBSTITUTION

Use something else

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Isolation and guarding

ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

Training and work scheduling

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Control effectiveness

Last resort

Business value

BEST







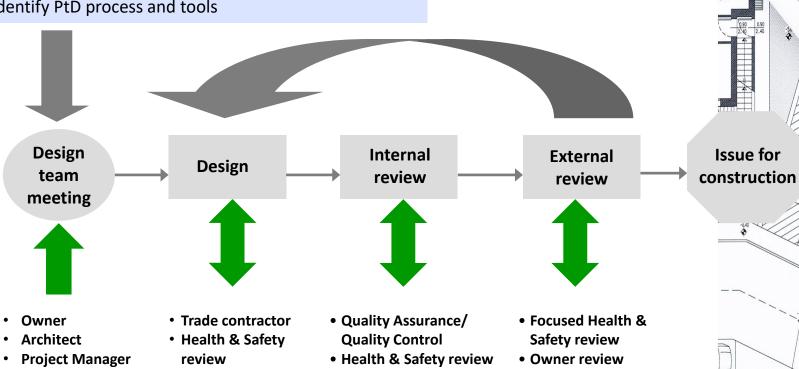
PtD Process

[Hecker et al. 2005]



Issue for

- Establish PtD expectations
- Include construction and operation perspective
- Identify PtD process and tools

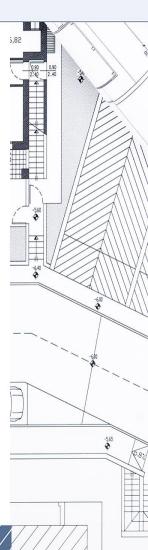


- Health & Safety **Professional**

- Value Engineering review

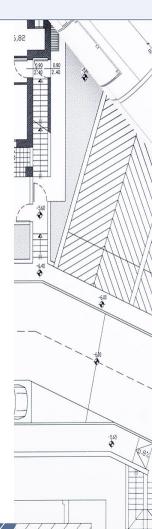














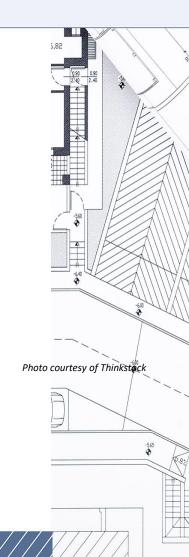


Column Safety



- Column splices
- Tabs/Holes for safety lines
- Base plates



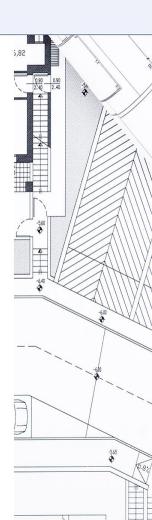


Rebar Tying











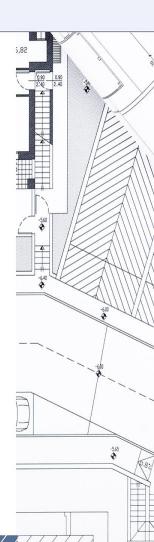




Conduit stub up

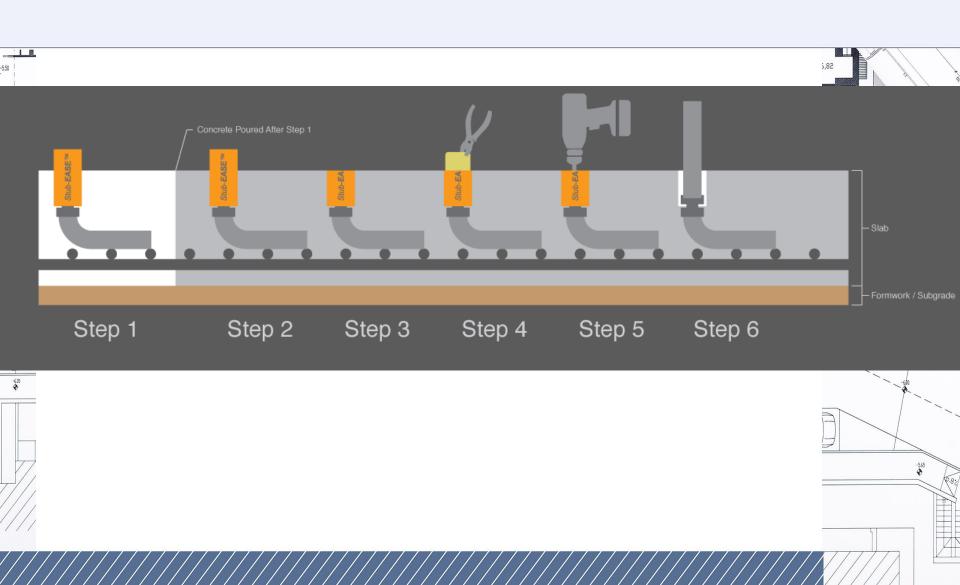






Stub-Ease *TM



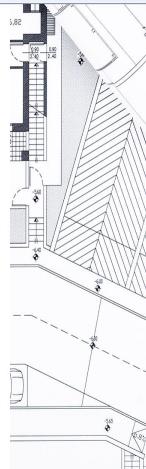


The Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2015 UK



Duties of designers

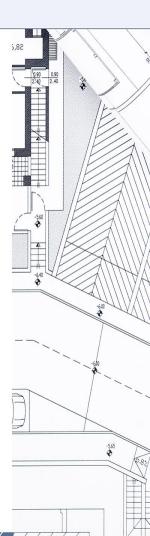
- 9.—(1) A designer must not commence work in relation to a project unless satisfied that the client is aware of the duties owed by the client under these Regulations.
- (2) When preparing or modifying a design the designer must take into account the general principles of prevention and any pre-construction information to eliminate, so far as is reasonably practicable, foreseeable risks to the health or safety of any person—
- (a)carrying out or liable to be affected by construction work;
- (b)maintaining or cleaning a structure; or
- (c)using a structure designed as a workplace.
- (3) If it is not possible to eliminate these risks, the designer must, so far as is reasonably practicable—
- (a)take steps to reduce or, if that is not possible, control the risks through the subsequent design process;
- (b)provide information about those risks to the principal designer; and
- (c)ensure appropriate information is included in the health and safety file.
- (4) A designer must take all reasonable steps to provide, with the design, sufficient information about the design, construction or maintenance of the structure, to adequately assist the client, other designers and contractors to comply with their duties under these Regulations.



Safe design of structures Code of Practice AUS.



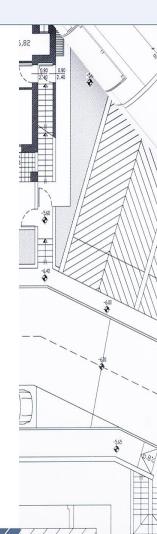
 This Code applies to the design of 'structures' defined under the WHS Act to mean anything that is constructed, whether fixed or moveable, temporary or permanent, and includes: buildings, masts, towers, framework, pipelines, roads, bridges, rail infrastructure and underground works (shafts or tunnels) - any component of a structure, and - part of a structure.



Safe design of structures Code of Practice AUS.

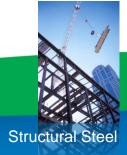


• Eliminating hazards at the design or planning stage is often easier and cheaper to achieve than making changes later when the hazards become real risks in the workplace. Safe design can result in many benefits, including: – more effective prevention of injury and illness - improved usability of structures - improved productivity and reduced costs – better prediction and management of production and operational costs over the lifecycle of a structure, and – innovation, in that safe design can demand new thinking to resolve hazards that occur in the construction phase and in end use. Design, in relation to a structure, includes the design of all or part of the structure and the redesign or modification of a design. Design output includes any hard copy or electronic drawing, design detail, design instruction, scope of works document or specification relating to the structure





- **Prevention through Design (PtD)** is an emerging process for saving lives, time, and money.
- PtD is the smart thing to do and the right thing to do.
- Although site safety is the contractor's responsibility, the designer has the ethical duty to create drawings with good constructability.
- There are tools and examples to facilitate PtD.

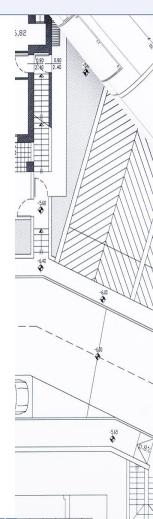




AIA A201-2017 General Conditions



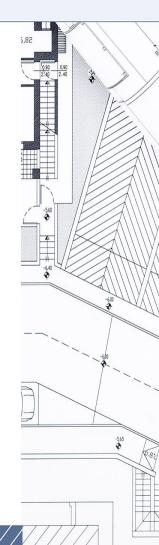
• Section 4.2.2: The architect will not have control over, charge of or responsibility for the construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures or for the safety precautions and programs in connection with the Work, since these are solely the Contractors rights and responsibilities under the Contract Documents.



Standard CGL CG 00 01 Excludes



Contractual Liability
Employer Liability
Your Work
Your Product
Professional Liability



COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY CG 22 43 04 13 THIS ENDORSEMENT CHANGES THE POLICY. PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY. EXCLUSION – ENGINEERS, ARCHITECTS OR SURVEYORS PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY



This endorsement modifies insurance provided under the following: COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY COVERAGE PART

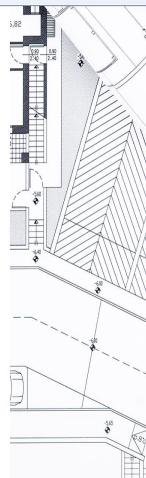
The following exclusion is added to Paragraph 2. Exclusions of Section I – Coverage A – Bodily Injury And Property Damage Liability and Paragraph 2. Exclusions of Section I – Coverage B – Personal And Advertising Injury Liability:

This insurance does not apply to "bodily injury", "property damage" or "personal and advertising injury" arising out of the rendering of or failure to render any professional services by you or any engineer, architect or surveyor who is either employed by you or performing work on your behalf in such capacity.

Professional services include:

- **1.** The preparing, approving, or failing to prepare or approve, maps, shop drawings, opinions, reports, surveys, field orders, change orders or drawings and specifications; and
- 2. Supervisory, inspection, architectural or engineering activities.

This exclusion applies even if the claims against any insured allege negligence or other wrongdoing in the supervision, hiring, employment, training or monitoring of others by that insured, if the "occurrence" which caused the "bodily injury" or "property damage", or the offense which caused the "personal and advertising injury", involved the rendering of or failure to render any professional services by you or any engineer, architect or surveyor who is either employed by you or performing work on your behalf in such capacity.



THIS ENDORSEMENT CHANGES THE POLICY. PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY. EXCLUSION – CONTRACTORS – PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY

This endorsement modifies insurance provided under the following: COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY COVERAGE PART

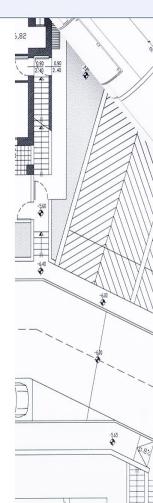


COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY

The following exclusion is added to Paragraph 2. Exclusions of Section I – Coverage A – Bodily Injury And Property Damage Liability and Paragraph 2. Exclusions of Section I – Coverage B – Personal And Advertising Injury Liability:

- 1. This insurance does not apply to "bodily injury", "property damage" or "personal and advertising injury" arising out of the rendering of or failure to render any professional services by you or on your behalf, but only with respect to either or both of the following operations:
- 2. Providing engineering, architectural or surveying services to others in your capacity as an engineer, architect or surveyor; and
- a. Providing, or hiring independent professionals to provide, engineering, architectural or surveying services in connection with construction work you perform.

This exclusion applies even if the claims against any insured allege negligence or other wrongdoing in the supervision, hiring, employment, training or monitoring of others by that insured, if the "occurrence" which caused the "bodily injury" or "property damage", or the offense which caused the "personal and advertising injury", involved the rendering of or failure to render any professional services by you or on your behalf with respect to the operations described above.



THIS ENDORSEMENT CHANGES THE POLICY. PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY. EXCLUSION – CONTRACTORS – PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY

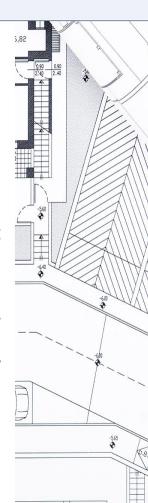
This endorsement modifies insurance provided under the following: COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY COVERAGE PART



COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY – (Continued)

- 2. Subject to Paragraph 3. below, professional services include:
- a) Preparing, approving, or failing to prepare or approve, maps, shop drawings, opinions, reports, surveys, field orders, change orders, or drawings and specifications; and
- b) Supervisory or inspection activities performed as part of any related architectural or engineering activities.
- **3.** Professional services do not include services within construction means, methods, techniques, sequences and procedures employed by you in connection with your operations in your capacity as a construction contractor.

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THIS ENDORSEMENT CHANGES THE POLICY. PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY. LIMITED EXCLUSION – CONTRACTORS – PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY

This endorsement modifies insurance provided under the following: COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY COVERAGE PART



COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY

The following exclusion is added to Paragraph 2. Exclusions of Section I – Coverage A – Bodily Injury And Property Damage Liability and Paragraph 2. Exclusions of Section I – Coverage B – Personal And Advertising Injury Liability:

This insurance does not apply to "bodily injury", "property damage" or "personal and advertising injury" arising out of the rendering of or failure to render any professional services by you, but only with respect to your providing engineering, architectural or surveying services in your capacity as an engineer, architect or surveyor.

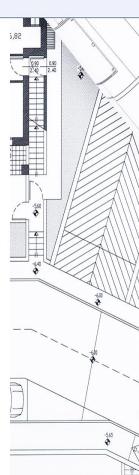
Professional services include:

- 1.Preparing, approving, or failing to prepare or approve, maps, shop drawings, opinions, reports, surveys, field orders, change orders, or drawings and specifications; and
- 2. Supervisory or inspection activities performed as part of any related architectural or engineering activities.

This exclusion applies even if the claims against any insured allege negligence or other wrongdoing in the supervision, hiring, employment, training or monitoring of others by that insured, if the "occurrence" which caused the "bodily injury" or "property damage", or the offense which caused the "personal and advertising injury", involved the rendering of or failure to render any professional services by you with respect to your providing engineering, architectural or surveying services in your capacity as an engineer, architect or surveyor.

This exclusion does not apply to your operations in connection with construction work performed by you or on your behalf

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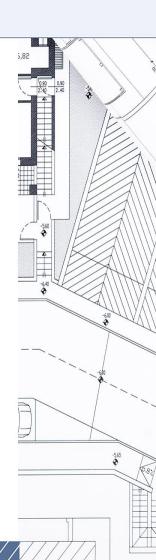
PROFESSIONAL LIABLITY



Recall CGL policies exclude Professional Liability
Separate policies cover work of professionals like Architects
and Engineers;

Typically, "claims made" policies rather than "occurrence" based policies;

Often include SIR and typically "eroding" policies;

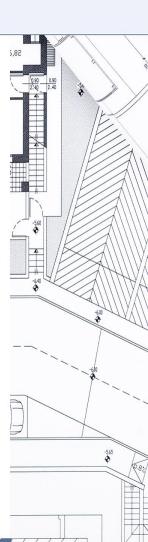


THIS ENDORSEMENT CHANGES THE POLICY. PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY.



• CONSTRUCTION MEANS AND SITE-SAFETY EXCLUSION

- **EXCLUSIONS**, Section 4. is amended to include the following: Construction Means and Site-Safety
- This Policy does not apply to any Claim(s) based upon or arising out of directly or indirectly construction means, methods, techniques, sequences or procedures, or for safety precautions and programs in connection with any project.
- ALL OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS REMAIN UNCHANGED



References



- William Quatman, *Prevention through design*, Issue 1315 The Zweig Letter, Oct. 2019, at 11-12 (you'd add the URL at the end but I couldn't find it online)
- Richard Korman, Scott Van Voorhis, *When the Construction Project Team Made 122 Design Changes in the Name of Safety*, ENR New England, March 2021, https://www.enr.com/articles/51479-when-the-construction-project-team-made-122-design-changes-in-the-name-of-safety.
- T. Michael Toole, Karen Erger, *Prevention through Design: Promising or Perilous?* 11 J. Leg. Aff. Dispute Resolut. Eng. Constr., Nov. 2018 1, https://ascelibrary.org/doi/pdf/10.1061/%28ASCE%29LA.1943-4170.0000284.

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 - AIA A201-2017
 - Insurance Services Offices, Inc.

